Cataracts

This image shows an example of how cataracts may affect vision.

What is a cataract?
A cataract is a clouding of the lens inside the eye which may result in poor vision.
Most cataracts form as a result of ageing and long-term exposure to ultraviolet light.
Cataracts are a leading cause of reversible vision loss in Australia.

What are the symptoms?
Cataracts are usually associated with:
- Slow and painless blurring of vision that may not improve with prescription glasses.
- Increased sensitivity to bright lights, such as while driving at night.
- Changes in how colour is seen. Objects may appear to have a yellow or brown tinge.

Who is at risk?
- People who have diabetes, smokers and those who have used corticosteroid medications for long periods.
- People who have had an eye injury.

What can be done?
- Wear sunglasses and a hat when outdoors to protect the eyes from the sun.
- Stop smoking.
- Have regular eye tests with an eye health professional (optometrist or ophthalmologist). Eye tests are essential for the detection of cataracts.
- Visit an eye health professional without delay if your vision changes rapidly.

New prescription glasses may help to improve vision for some people. But as cataracts worsen, surgery may be required to restore vision.

Cataract surgery is performed by an ophthalmologist. The cloudy lens in the eye is replaced with a new synthetic one. Cataract surgery is common, very safe, and is usually done as a day surgery procedure under local anaesthesia.

Save Your Sight - Get Tested

For more information
Speak to an eye health professional or GP.
Visit [www.visioninitiative.org.au](http://www.visioninitiative.org.au)
A Medicare rebate is available for most optometry services. You do not need a referral to see an optometrist. If required, your GP or optometrist can refer you to an ophthalmologist.

There are services and supports to help people adjust to vision loss, remain independent and continue to take part in their chosen activities. Speak to an eye health professional or your GP to find out more.